

U.S.GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
CHARLES D.WALCOTT, DIRECTOR

STRUCTURE-SECTION SHEET

COLORADO
SPANISH PEAKS QUADRANGLE

LEGEND

| SEDIMENTARY ROCKS | |
|--|----------------|
| SHEET | SECTION SYMBOL |
| Nn | Nn |
| | |
| Nussbaum formation (sandstone and conglomerate) | |
| Eocene | |
| Eh | Eh |
| | |
| Huerfano formation (coarse, brown or reddish sandstone and conglomerate, red or brown clay at base) | |
| Eocene | |
| Ech | Ech |
| | |
| Cuchara formation (cavernous variegated sandstone, brown clay and sand at base) | |
| Eocene? | |
| Epc | Epc |
| | |
| Poison Canyon formation (conglomerate and sandstone with beds of yellow clay) | |
| Eocene? | |
| Em | Em |
| | |
| Metamorphosed Eocene (quartzite and quartzitic conglomerate grading into metasedimentary rocks) | |
| CRETAEOUS | |
| Kl | Kl |
| | |
| Laramie formation (sandstone and shale with beds of coking and domestic coal) | |
| Ktd | Ktd |
| | |
| Trinidad sandstone (massive and shaly sandstone) | |
| Kp | Kp |
| | |
| Pierre shale (shale of various shades of gray, with concretions) | |
| Ka | Ka |
| | |
| Apishapa formation (coarse, massive, dark shale often bituminous; paper shale at base) | |
| Kt | Kt |
| | |
| Timpas formation (calcareous shale with thin-bedded gray limestone) | |
| Kcr | Kcr |
| | |
| Carlile shale (gray shale capped by soft sandstone) | |
| Km | Km |
| | |
| Metasediment and Cretaceous (slate, quartzite, and partly altered sandstone) | |

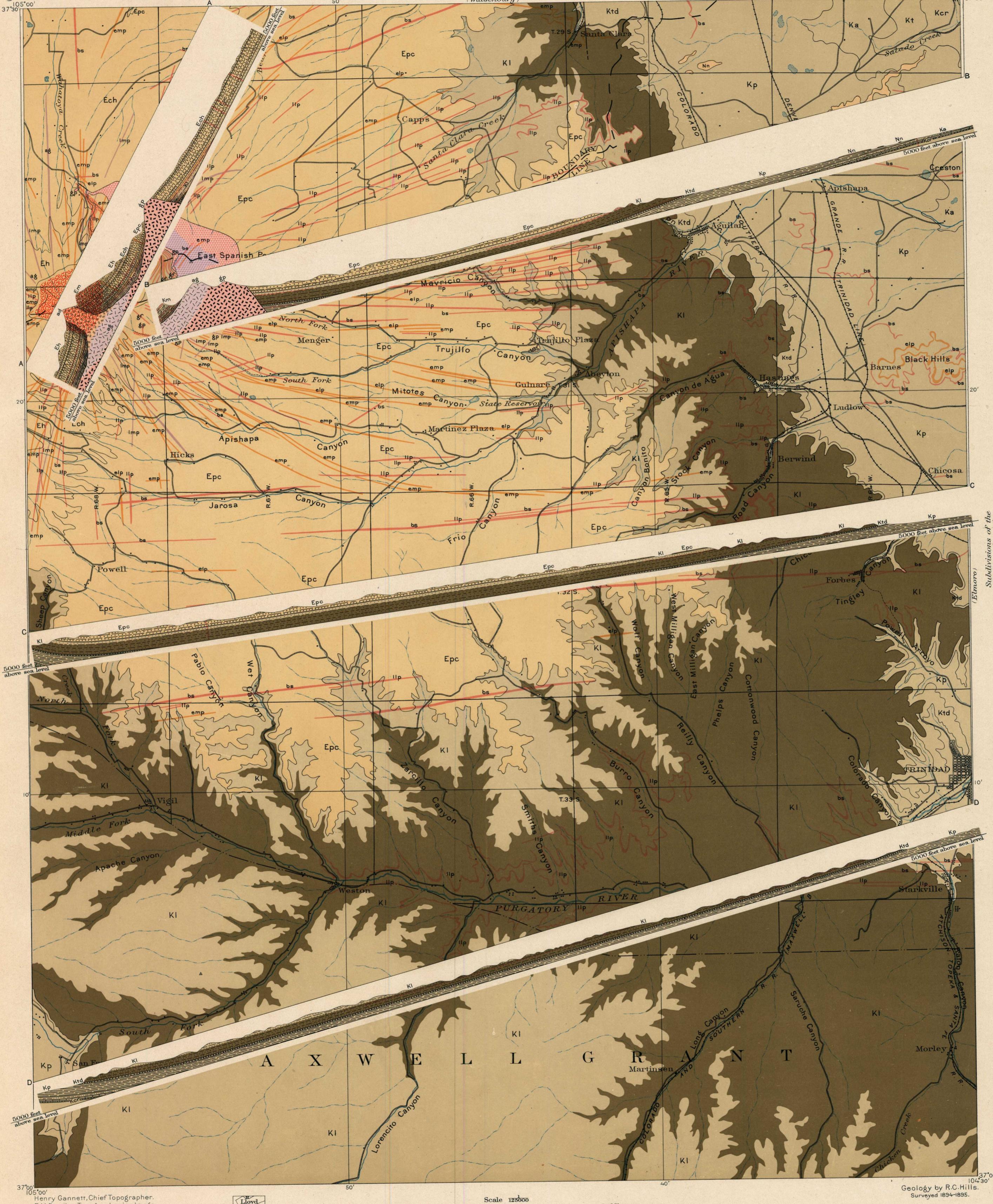
| IGNEOUS ROCKS | |
|--|----------------|
| SHEET | SECTION SYMBOL |
| Sp | Sp |
| Sp | Sp |
| Basalt, granite-porphphyry, granite-felsophyre, and late lamprophyre (stock, dikes, and sheets) | |
| Ag | Ag |
| Ag | Ag |
| Augite-granite-porphphyry and late monzonite-porphphyry (stock and dikes) | |
| Ad | Ad |
| Augite-diopside, early lamprophyre, and early monzonite-porphphyry (stock, dikes, and sheets) | |

Dikes and sheets are shown in detail on the Igneous Geology sheet.

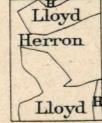
Faults

| |
|--|
| Known productive formations |
| Metaliferous deposits (area containing metaliferous deposits chiefly silver and lead) |
| Slightly auriferous gravels |
| Coal |

(Laramie formation, common in its lower portion. Coal occurs to the south of the range, near domestic coal to the north.)



Henry Gannett, Chief Topographer.
E.M.Douglas, Topographer in charge.
Triangulation by A.H.Thompson.
Topography by W.H.Terron and W.J.Lloyd.
Surveyed in 1895.



Scale 1:250,000
1 2 3 4 5 Miles
1 2 3 4 5 Kilometers

Edition of Mar. 1901.

Geology by R.C.Hill.
Surveyed 1894-1895.